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CARBON4MINERALS

6 December 2023

Energy-intensive industries: Innovative technologies toward climate neutrality

Carbon4Minerals, Liesbeth Horckmans, VITO

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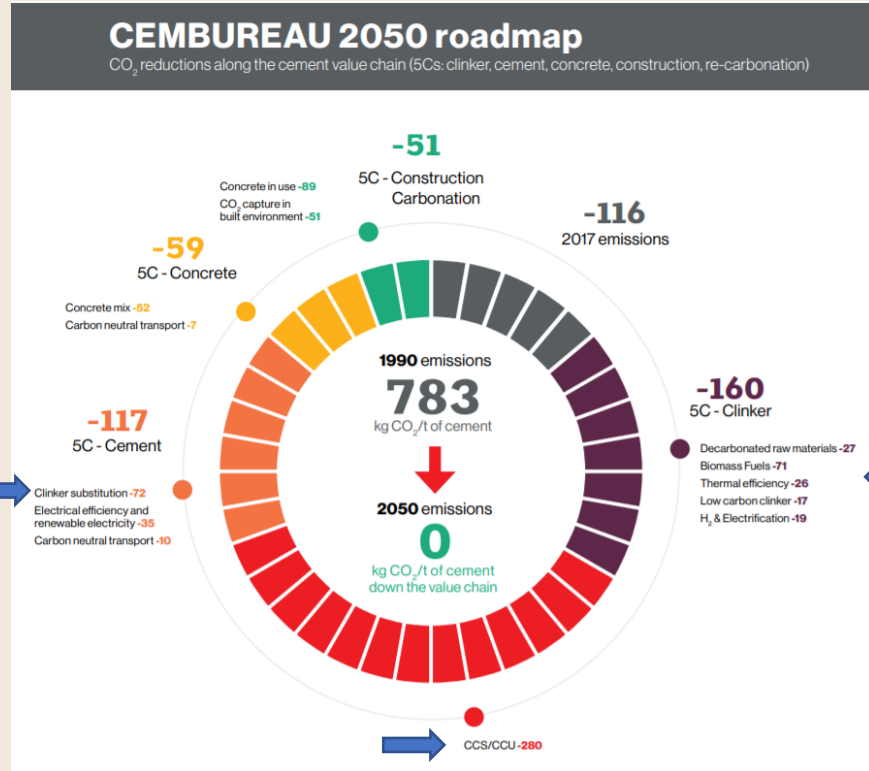
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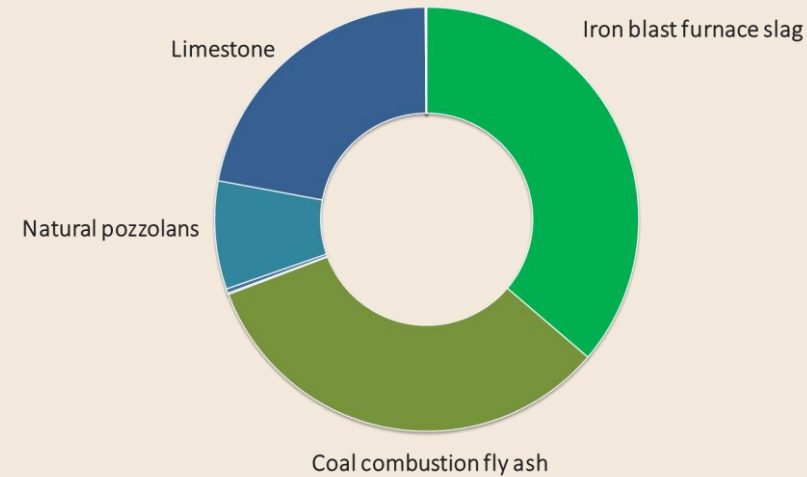
Decarbonisation of cement industry



Supplementary Cementitious Materials (SCM) use 2016



CEMBUREAU 2050 Roadmap,
<https://lowcarboneconomy.cembureau.eu/>



Total: 900 Mt/y; 75% clinker in cement; 2050 target: 65% clinker

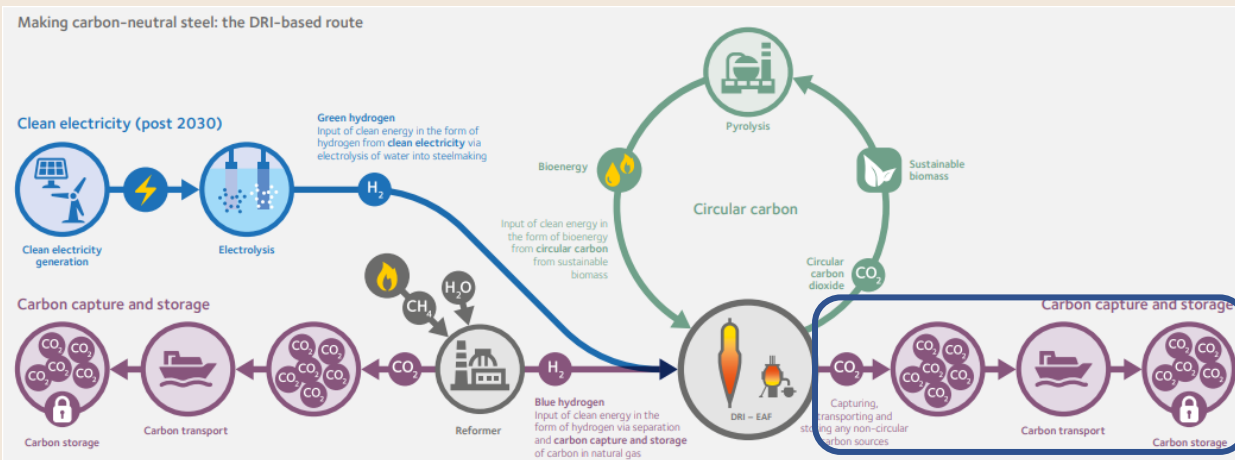
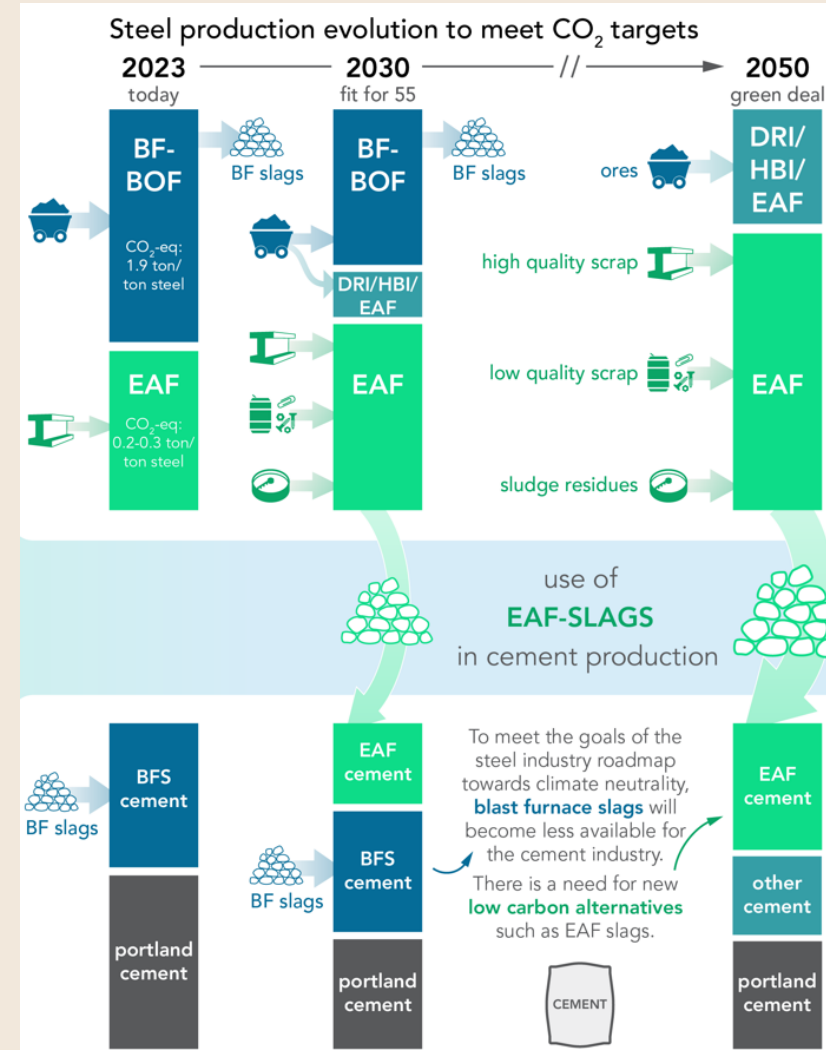
- Cement industry responsible for 6-8% of global GHG emissions, Portland clinker has high CO₂ impact (0.89 t CO₂/ton clinker)
- Alternative materials (SCMs) with lower CO₂ emissions needed to reduce clinker content but traditional SCMs fully used and in decline
- Costly CCU/CCS to close the gap



Decarbonisation of steel industry



- **Steel industry moving towards electrification**
 - Reduction of blast furnace (BF) slags (common SCM)
 - Increase of other steel slags (BOF, EAF)
- CCU/S to fill the gap



<https://corporate.arcelormittal.com/sustainability/climate-action-in-europe>



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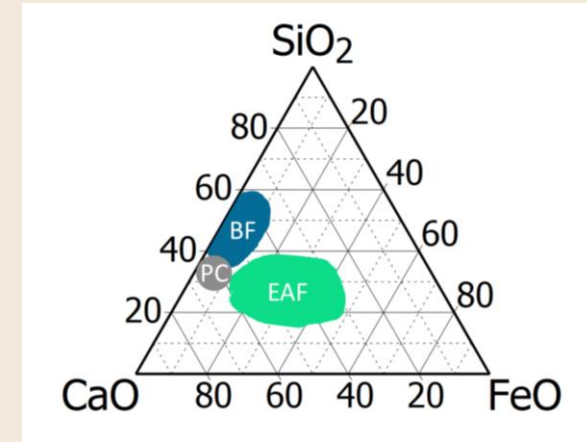
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Carbonation as pre-treatment for SCMs

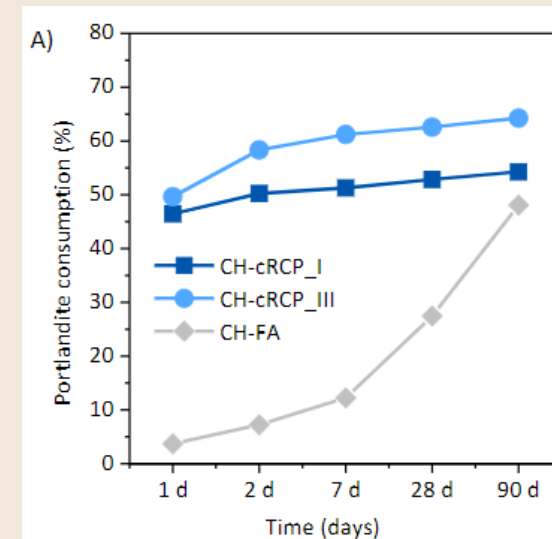


- EAF/BOF slags need treatment to ensure good technical properties:
 - Reduce free lime (CaO) content to avoid expansion & pop-outs
 - Increase reactivity to create sufficient strength



• Carbonation as possible treatment

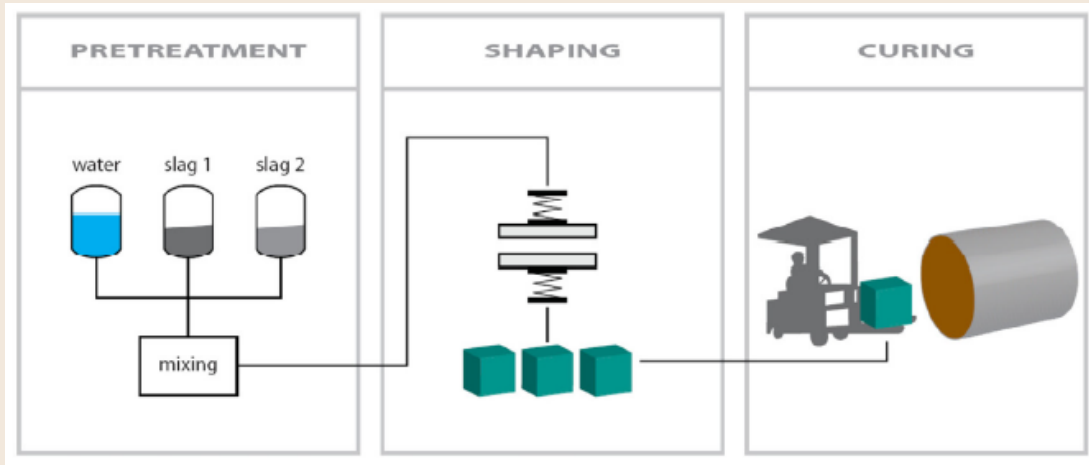
- $\text{Ca}_2\text{SiO}_4 + 2\text{CO}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CaCO}_3 + \text{SiO}_2$ (amorphous)
 Limestone filler Reactive pozzolan
- $\text{CaO} + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{CaCO}_3$
 Limestone filler



Portlandite consumption of carbonated recycled cement paste by Zajac et al. (2021), RILEM Technical Letters 6:53-60.



Carbonation to fully replace cement

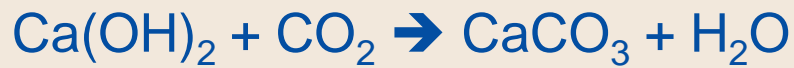


Stapsteen demonstration project Ghent, Belgium

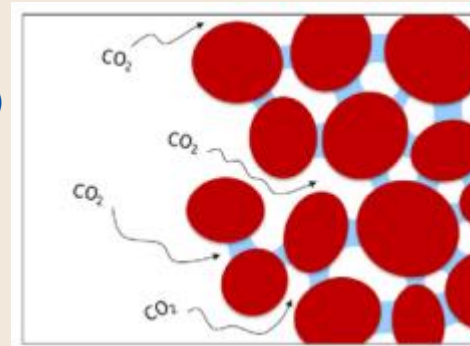


Orbix pilot facility in Farcennes, orbix.be

Quaghebeur et al. (2015), Frontiers in Energy Research



Limestone binder



Nielsen et al. 2019



vandersanden.com, expected 2024



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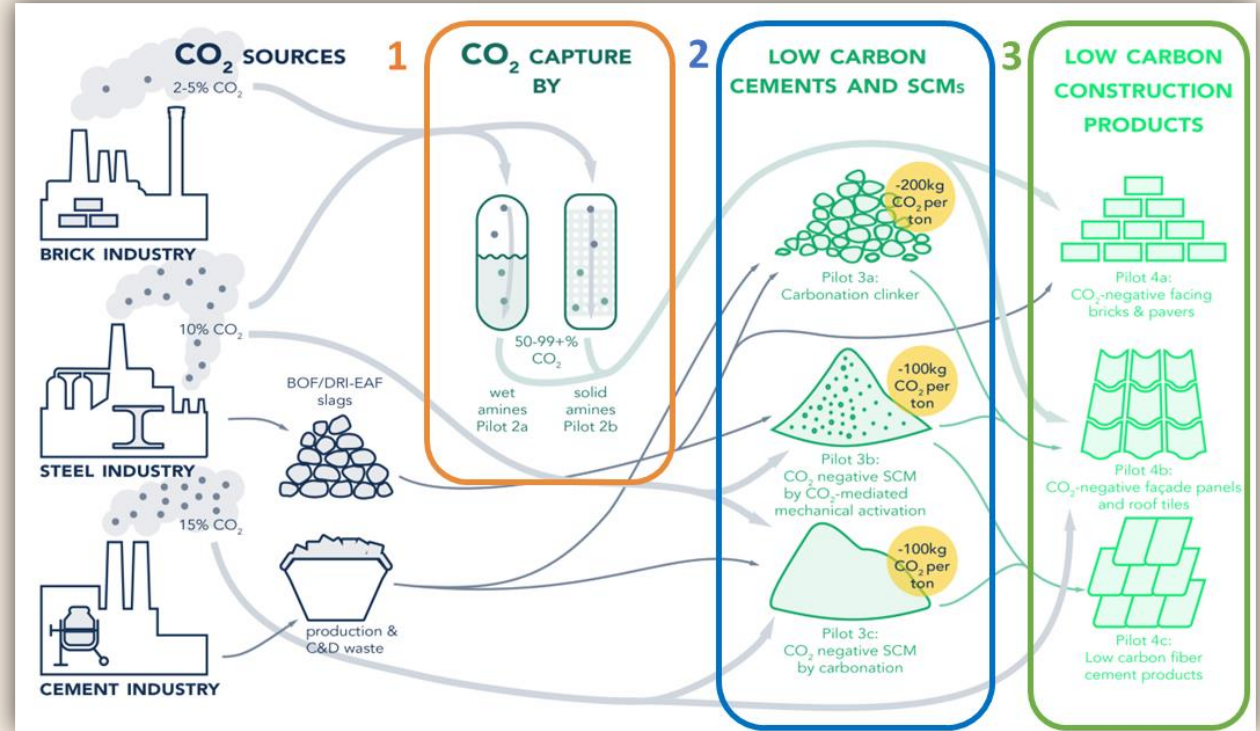




Reduce CO₂-emissions by **use of CO₂** from **industrial flue gases** to produce **innovative low-carbon binders and construction materials**, from industrial **waste streams**

Potential to reduce EU CO₂ emissions by 46 Mt/y

Start: January 2023
End: December 2026



1. (Post-combustion) CO₂ capture



State-of-art liquid amine absorption:

- High cost, high regeneration energy
- Corrosion, stability issue
- Large installations, economy of scale

1) 3rd generation bi-phasic solvent for liquid absorption

- Lower cost, lower regeneration temperature
- Reduced solvent degradation
- Pilot TRL 7 (10 kt CO₂/y)

2) Solid absorption with structured sorbents

- 30-50% energy reduction
- Tailored to small/medium volume
- Pilot TRL 6-7 (1 kg CO₂/h)



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2. Low carbon cements and SCMs



Carbonation clinker

Uptake 200 kg CO₂/ton

TRL 6 demo, 1 ton/day

SCM by carbonation

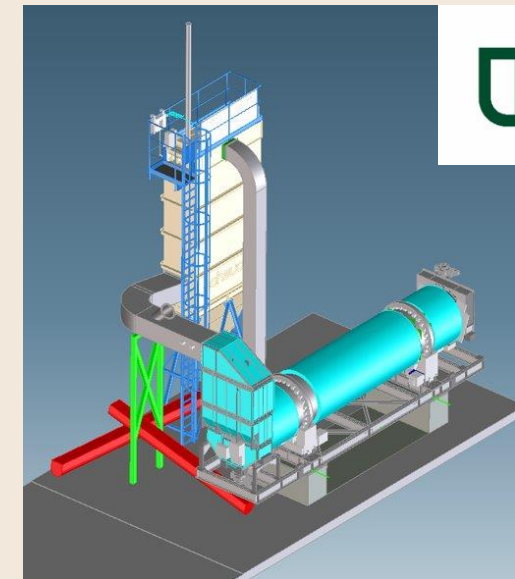
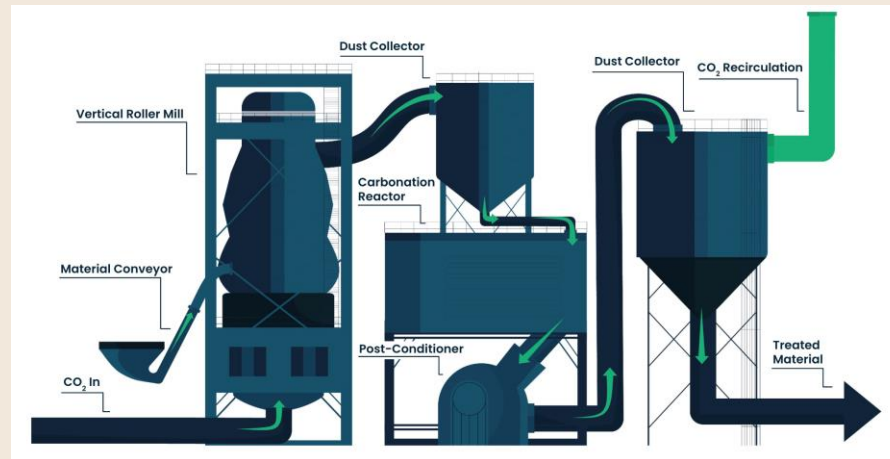
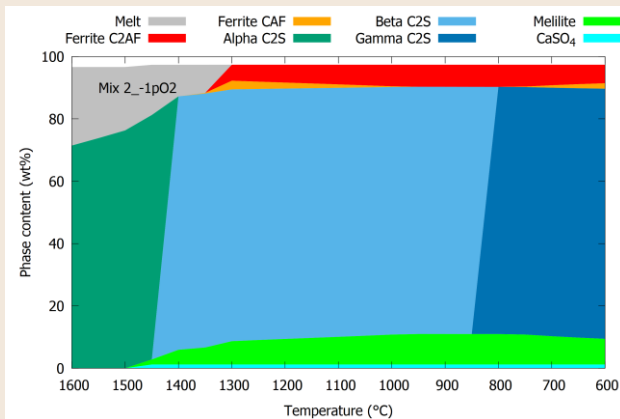
Uptake 100 kg CO₂/ton

From steel slags

250 – 1,000kg / day pilot TRL 7

From Recycled Concrete Paste

1 ton/day pilot TRL 7



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3. Mineral carbonation products



- Expand raw materials and products using flue gas CO₂
 - Carbonated bricks & pavers from steel slags
TRL 7-8 production (500-2000 tonnes)
 - Precast (wet-shaped) carbonation products
TRL 6-7 production (~500 kg)
Using carbonation clinker & SCMs
Façade/roof panels, fiber cement products



Durability testing & validation of standard test methods to facilitate market uptake



THANK YOU!

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